1	SEMNAR & HARTMAN, LLP	ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California, County of San Diego		
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8	SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE			
9	COUNTY OF SAN DIE	GO, UNLIMITED CIVIL		
10	CASEY BRADEN, an individual,	Case No.: 37-2018-00056745-CU-MC-CTL		
11	PLAINTIFF,	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND		
12	DEMAND FOR HIDY TOL	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL FOR		
13	PACIFIC UNION FINANCIAL, LLC,	1. CALIFORNIA MILITARY		
14	DEFENDANTs.	FAMILIES FINANCIAL RELIEF ACT,		
15		2. CALIFORNIA ROSENTHAL ACT		
16		UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION, DAMAGES IN EXCESS OF \$25,000.00		
17				
18				
19	TO THE CLERK OF THE COURT, ALL PADISTRICT COURT JUDGE:	ARTIES, AND THE HONORABLE		
20				
21	Complainant, CASEY BRADEN (hereinafter, "PLAINTIFF"), an Individual, by and			
22	through his attorneys of record, hereby complains and alleges in this Complaint as follows:			
	<u>INTRODUCTION</u>			
23	1. This action arises out of DEFENDANT PACIFIC UNION FINANCIAL, LLC's			
24	(hereinafter "DEFENDANT") violations of the State of California Military Families Financia			
	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES A	AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		

Relief Act (Calif. Military and Veteran's Code §§800-812); the State of California Rosenthal Act (hereinafter "Rosenthal Act") (California Civil Code §§1788-1788.32).

- 2. PLAINTIFF makes the allegations below on information and belief, with the exception of those allegations that pertain to PLAINTIFF personally, or to PLAINTIFF's counsel, which PLAINTIFF allege on personal knowledge.
- 3. While many violations are described below with specificity, this Complaint alleges violations of the statutes cited in their entirety.
- 4. DEFENDANT is a business entity incorporated in the State of California and maintains an agent for service of process within the State of California, but with its principal place of business being located in the State of Texas. DEFENDANT maintains an agent for service of process at 818 W Seventh St Ste 930, Los Angeles, CA 90017. Therefore, personal jurisdiction is established.
- 5. Because all tortious conduct occurred while PLAINTIFF resided in the City of Chula Vista, County of San Diego, the actions taken by DEFENDANT that give rise to this lawsuit concern a mortgage loan for a residence located within the City of Chula Vista, County of San Diego, and witnesses reside herein, venue properly lies in this Court.

PARTIES & DEFINITIONS OF CONSUMER RIGHTS LAWS

- PLAINTIFF is a natural person whose permanent residence is in the City of Chula
 Vista, County of San Diego, State of California.
- 7. PLAINTIFF, as a natural person allegedly obligated to pay a consumer debt to DEFENDANT for a mortgage loan, alleged to have been due and owing, is therefore a "debtor" as that term is defined by California Civil Code § 1788.2(h) of the Rosenthal Act.
 - 8. DEFENDANT alleged that PLAINTIFF owed them money and/or repossession of

collateral security that they were allegedly collecting for a mortgage loan for a residence in the City of Chula Vista, and PLAINTIFF is therefore informed and believe that the money alleged to have been owed originated from monetary credit that was extended to PLAINTIFF primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, and is therefore a "debt" as that term is defined by Calif. Civil Code § 1788.2(d) of the Rosenthal Act.

- 9. Upon information and belief, DEFENDANT was attempting to collect on a debt that originated from monetary credit that was extended primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, and was therefore a "consumer credit transaction" within the meaning of Calif. Civil Code § 1788.2(e) of the Rosenthal Act.
- 10. Because PLAINTIFF, a natural person allegedly obligated to pay money and/or collateral security to DEFENDANT arising from a consumer credit transaction, the money allegedly owed was a "consumer debt" within the meaning of California Civil Code § 1788.2(f) of the Rosenthal Act.
- 11. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes that DEFENDANT regularly collects or attempts to collect on behalf of themselves debts owed or due or asserted to be owed or due, and is therefore a "debt collector" within the meaning of Calif. Civil Code § 1788.2(c) of the Rosenthal Act, and thereby engages in "debt collection" within the meaning of California Civil Code § 1788.2(b) of the Rosenthal Act, is also therefore a "person" within the meaning of California Civil Code § 1788.2(g) of the Rosenthal Act, and is also a "creditor" under California Civil Code § 1788.2(i).

STATUTORY PROTECTIONS OF CALIFORNIA MILITARY RESERVIST SERVICE-MEMBERS

12. Section 800(a)(1)(A) of the Calif. Military and Veterans' Code reads: "a reservist who is called to active duty may defer payments on any of the following obligations while serving

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

- 20. Upon receiving the March 2018 deployment orders, PLAINTIFF and REINICKE delivered to DEFENDANT a letter, signed under penalty of perjury, that specifically requested a deferment of the home mortgage loan obligation pursuant to the Calif. Military & Veterans' Code.
- 21. PLAINTIFF and REINICKE enclosed a copy of the deployment orders with the deferment request letter.
- 22. Pursuant to Section 811(a) of the Calif. Military and Veterans' Code, PLAINTIFF is entitled to a 180 deferment of the principal and interest in the same manner as REINICKE, even though REINICKE is the reservist who was deployed, since she would also be entitled to the deferment rights.
- 23. The deferment began with the principal and interest payments owed as of June 1, 2018.
- 24. At some point in May 2018, DEFENDANT acknowledged it is bound by the deferment rights pursuant to the Calif. Military and Veterans' Code.
- 25. DEFENDANT drafted an agreement dated May 24, 2018 for PLAINTIFF to sign and notarize that shows PLAINTIFF and DEFENDANT specifically agreed to 180 days of deferment of the obligations to pay principal and interest.
- 26. However, DEFENDANT required PLAINTIFF to submit to unlawful and illegal terms in this agreement, including but not limited to an agreement that PLAINTIFF agree that DEFENDANT could proceed with a foreclosure of the property if PLAINTIFF were to default upon paying the taxes and insurance escrow payments each month, in complete disregard of the prohibition upon any upon the property pursuant to Calif. Military and Veterans' Code § 804.
- 27. Since the deferment of principal and interest began, effective June 1, 2018, PLAINTIFF has dutifully made every monthly payment into escrow for taxes and insurance.
 - 28. Despite PLAINTIFF's statutory right to a deferment of the payments of principal

and interest, and despite PLAINTIFF's dutiful payment into escrow each month for taxes and insurance, DEFENDANT has persisted in placing multiple debt collection calls to PLAINTIFF wherein an agent of DEFENDANT's falsely claimed that PLAINTIFF was in default for multiple months of full payment of principal and interest.

- 29. Furthermore, every time PLAINTIFF calls DEFENDANT to authorize an electronic payment of the monthly escrow payment taxes and insurance, the agent with whom PLAINTIFF speaks insists always falsely claims that PLAINTIFF is in default for multiple months of full payment of principal and interest.
- 30. Furthermore, DEFENDANT has falsely claimed to the Veteran's Administration, which guarantees a portion of the mortgage loan, that PLAINTIFF is in default for multiple months of full payment of principal and interest.
- 31. PLAINTIFF has received multiple letters from the VA where the VA informs PLAINTIFF that he is at risk of losing his VA benefits and at risk of never receiving a future VA guarantee because DEFENDANT has informed them that PLAINTIFF is in default for multiple months of full payment of principal and interest.
- 32. DEFENDANT'S mistreatment and improper handling of the account has caused PLAINTIFF to suffer emotional distress and mental anguish over the thought that the home might be unlawfully and illegally foreclosed upon during REINICKE's deployment, such as loss of sleep, anxiety, worry, fear, shame, embarrassment, headaches, sweatiness, clamminess, increased heart rate, and shaking.
- 33. PLAINTIFF has also suffered fear, concern, anxiety, and worry that the VA might withdraw its guarantee of the home mortgage loan and refuse to provide PLAINTIFF with any mortgage loan guarantee in the future as a result of DEFENDANT falsely claiming that PLAINTIFF is in default.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION CALIF. MILITARY FAMILIES FINANCIAL RELIEF ACT CALIF. MILITARY & VETS.' CODE §§ 800-812

- 34. PLAINTIFF repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference all other paragraphs, as if fully set forth herein.
- 35. PLAINTIFF had invoked protection under this Act by sending the required written notice, under penalty of perjury, that included a copy of deployment orders.
- 36. Pursuant to Calif. Military & Vets.' Code § 811, these rights also protect PLAINTIFF as the spouse of the deployed servicemember.
- 37. By falsely claiming on multiple occasions that PLAINTIFF is in default upon the account and that PLAINTIFF owes the full monthly payments of principal and interest, and by informing the VA of the same false information, DEFENDANT has violated Calif. Military & Vets.' Code §§ 800 & 804 in several ways.
- 38. As a result of these violations, PLAINTIFF suffered actual damages by way of mental anguish and distress as described in the factual allegations above.
- 39. PLAINTIFF is further informed and believes that the aforesaid conduct was malicious and oppressive, as those terms are defined by California Civil Code sections 3294(c)(1) and 3294(c)(2), entitling PLAINTIFF to punitive damages.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION CALIF. ROSENTHAL ACT CALIF. CIV. CODE §§ 1788-1788.32

- 40. PLAINTIFF repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference all other paragraphs, as if fully set forth herein.
- 41. By falsely claiming on multiple occasions that PLAINTIFF is in default upon the account and that PLAINTIFF owes the full monthly payments of principal and interest, and by informing the VA of the same false information, DEFENDANT has engaged in harassing,

oppressive, and abusive conduct in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692d of the Federal FDCPA, and engaged in unfair and unconscionable means in an attempt to collect a debt in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692f of the Federal FDCPA. Both of these violations of the FDCPA are incorporated into the Rosenthal Act via Calif. Civil Code § 1788.17. This conduct also violates Calif. Civil Code § 1788.11(d)-(e) of the Rosenthal Act.

- 42. By falsely claiming on multiple occasions that PLAINTIFF is in default upon the account and that PLAINTIFF owes the full monthly payments of principal and interest, and by informing the VA of the same false information, DEFENDANT has uttered false, deceptive, and misleading representations in connection with their attempt to collect a debt in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692e of the Federal FDCPA; and engaged in unfair and unconscionable means in an attempt to collect a debt in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692f of the Federal FDCPA. Each of these violations of the FDCPA are incorporated into the Rosenthal Act via Calif. Civil Code § 1788.17.
- 43. As a result of these violations, PLAINTIFF suffered mental anguish and distress as described in the factual allegations above.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, PLAINTIFF prays that judgment be entered against DEFENDANT, and PLAINTIFF be awarded damages as follows:

As to the First Cause of Action (Calif. Military Families Financial Relief Act):

- 1. An award of actual damages pursuant to Calif. Military and Vets.' Code § 812, as will be proven at trial;
- An award of costs of litigation and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to Calif.
 Military and Vets.' Code § 812;
- 3. Punitive damages to be determined at trial, for the sake of example and punishing Defendant for their malicious conduct with the intent to harm Plaintiff personally, pursuant to Calif.

1	Civ. Code § 3294(a), (c)(1);		
2	4.	Such further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.	
3		As to the Second Cause of Action (Calif. Rosenthal Act):	
4	1.	An award of actual damages pursuant to California Civil Code section 1788.30(a)	
5	as will be proven at trial;		
6	2.	An award of statutory damages of \$1,000.00 pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code §	
7	1788.30(b) for all willful and knowing violations, which is cumulative and in addition to all other		
8	remedies pursuant to California Civil Code § 1788.32;		
9	3.	An additional award of statutory damages of \$1,000.00 pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §	
0	1692k(a)(2)(A), as incorporated into the Rosenthal Act via Calif. Civ. Code §1788.17, which		
1	cumulative and in addition to all other remedies pursuant to California Civil Code § 1788.32;		
2	4.	An award of costs of litigation and reasonable attorney's fees, pursuant to Cal. Civ	
3	Code section 1788.30(c);		
4	5.	Such further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.	
5		TRIAL BY JURY	
6	Pursuant to the Seventh Amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America Plaintiffs are entitled to, and so demand, a trial by jury.		
7			
8	DATED: 11	-8-18 SEMNAR & HARTMAN, LLP	
9		Jared M. Hartman	
20		JARED M. HARTMAN, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff	
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